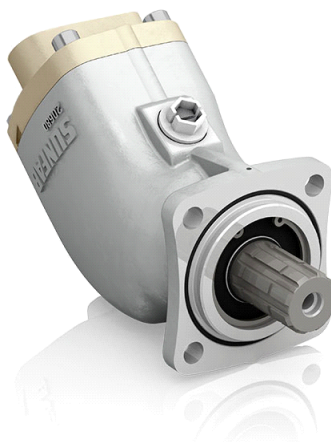




SAM 010-130 DIN is a series of light weight casing axial piston motors, particularly suitable for mobile hydraulics. SAM 010-130 DIN is of the bent-axis type with spherical pistons.

The design gives a compact motor with few moving parts, high starting torque and high operational reliability. It covers the entire displacement range 10-130 cm³/rev. with max. pressure 400 bar.

It's high level of reliability is due to the choice of materials, hardening methods, surface structures and the quality assured manufacturing process.

Other advantages:

- Light weight metal casing design
- Smooth operation over the entire speed range
- High efficiency
- Suitable for applications with high angular accelerations due to its high rotary stiffness
- Corrosion free light metal-housing
- Less heat generation due to better ability to dissipate heat through housing

Versions, main data

Example

SA	M	-	012	W	-	N	-	DL4	-	L35	-	S3	G	-	1	00
Line	1		2	3		4		5		6		7	8		9	10

Line	
SA	Sunfab Aluminium

1. Type	
M	Motor

2. Displacement	
010 012 017 025 034 040 047 056 064 084 090 108 130	

3. Direction of rotation	
W	Independent

4. Sealing	
N	Nitrile

5. Mounting flange	
ISO 7653-D	
DL4	ø 80

6. Shaft	
DIN 5462 / ISO 14	
L35	8x32x34.9

X = Standard, preferred
O = Contact Sunfab

7. Connection cover		010 012 017 025 034 040 047 056 064 084 090 108 130
S3	40° threaded connection	X X X X X X X X X X X X X

8. Connections		010 012 017 025 034 040 047 056 064 084 090 108 130
G	ISO G	X X X X X X X X X X X X X

9. Additional		External drainage
1		

10. Speed sensor		010 012 017 025 034 040 047 056 064 084 090 108 130
00	No speed sensor	X X X X X X X X X X X X X

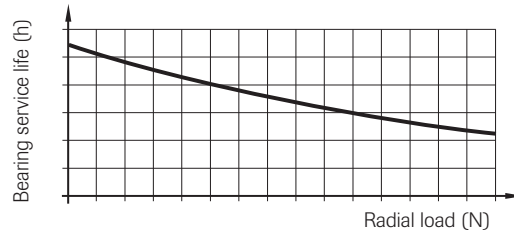
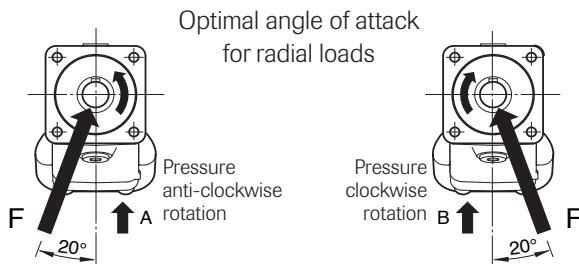
Motor SAM 010-130 DIN		010	012	017	025	034	040	047	056	064	084	090	108	130
Displacement	cm³/rev	9.6	12.6	17.0	25.4	34.2	41.2	47.1	56.7	63.5	83.6	90.7	108.0	130.0
Working pressure														
max intermittent	bar	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	330
max continuous		350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	280
Revolutions														
max intermittent	rpm	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	2500	2500	2500	2500	2000	2000	2000	2000
max continuous		2400	2400	2400	2400	2400	2000	2000	2000	2000	1600	1600	1600	1600
min continuous		300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
Power														
max intermittent	kW	14	18	24	36	49	57	65	78	88	93	100	120	124
max continuous		11	14	19	29	39	46	52	62	70	74	81	96	99
Starting torque theoretical value	Nm/bar	0.15	0.20	0.27	0.40	0.54	0.66	0.75	0.89	1.0	1.33	1.44	1.71	2.06
Moment of inertia (x 10 ⁻³)	kg m²	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4
Max intermittent housing pressure	bar	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Weight	kg	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.1	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	13.8	13.8	13.8	13.8

Intermittent operation refers to a max of 6 seconds per minute, representing e.g. peaks in rotational speed during unloading and acceleration.

General instructions

Shaft loads

The service life of the motor largely depends on the service life of the bearings. These are affected by the operating conditions such as speed, pressure, oil viscosity and degree of purification.

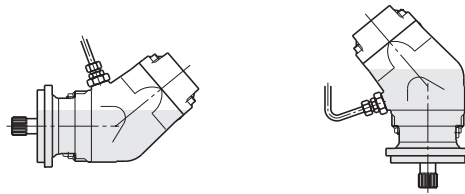


External loading of the shaft, its size, direction and location also affect the service life of the bearings.

If a calculation of bearing service life is required for special applications, contact Sunfab Hydraulics.

Installation

The motor housing is filled with oil to at least 50% of the volume before start up. The drainage hose is connected to the drainage outlet positioned highest on the motor. The other end is connected below the oil level in the oil tank.



Hydraulic fluids

High performance oil meeting the specifications of ISO type HM, DIN 51524-2HLP or better must be used. Min. viscosity 10 cSt is required to guarantee lubrication. Ideal viscosity is 20 - 40 cSt.

Pipe dimensions

The recommended flow velocity in the pressure line is max 7 m/sec.

Filtering

Cleanliness ISO norm 4406, code 16/13 is recommended.

Useful formulaes

Required flow rate $Q = \frac{D \times n}{1000 \times \eta_v}$ litres/min.

Speed $n = \frac{Q \times 1000 \times \eta_v}{D}$ RPM

Torque $M = \frac{D \times \Delta p \times \eta_{hm}}{6.3}$ Nm

Power $P = \frac{Q \times \Delta p \times \eta_t}{60}$ kW

D = displacement, cm³/rev

n = revolutions, rev/min

P = power, kW

Q = flow, litre/min

η_v = volumetric efficiency

η_{hm} = hydromechanical efficiency

η_t = total efficiency = $\eta_v \times \eta_{hm}$

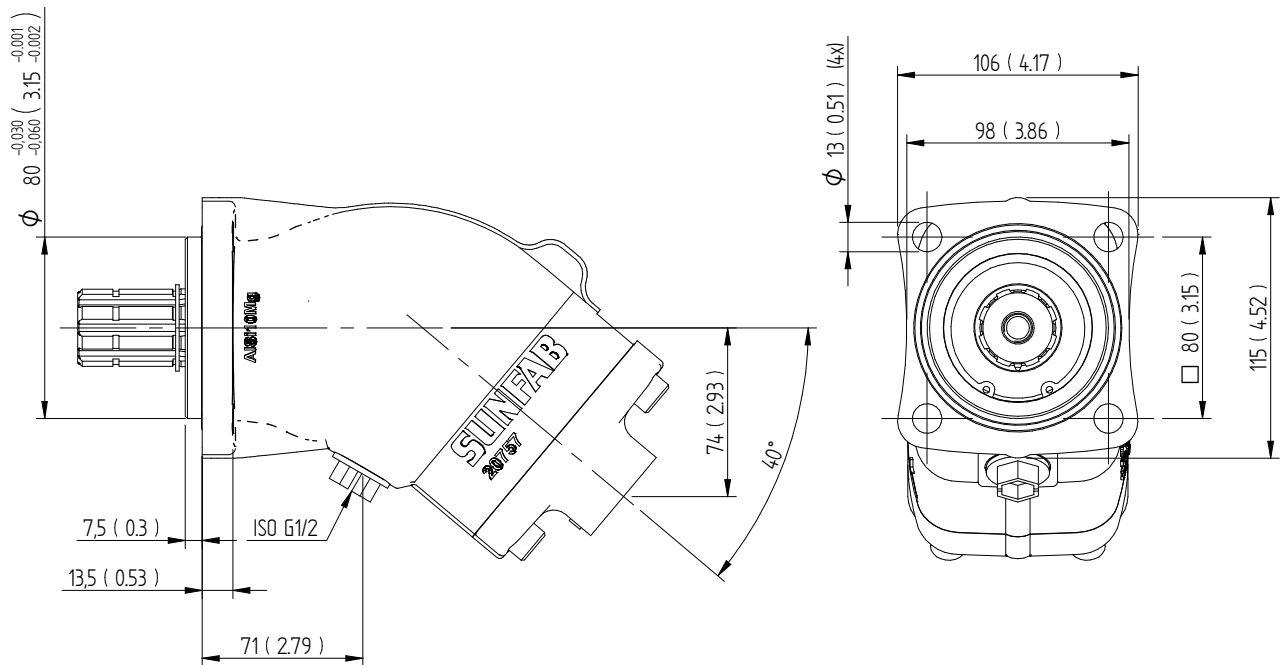
M = torque, Nm

Δp = pressure difference between inlet and outlet on the hydraulic motor, MPa

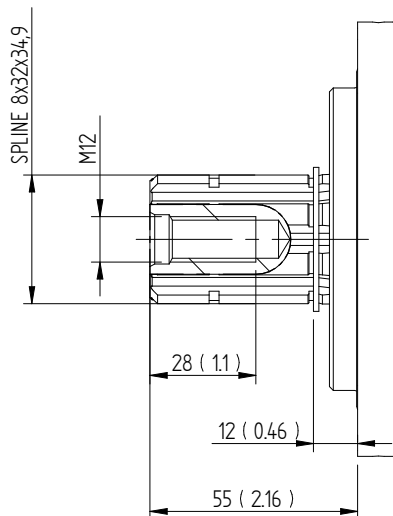
Dimensions SAM 010-034
Flange, shaft & connection cover

Millimeter (inch)

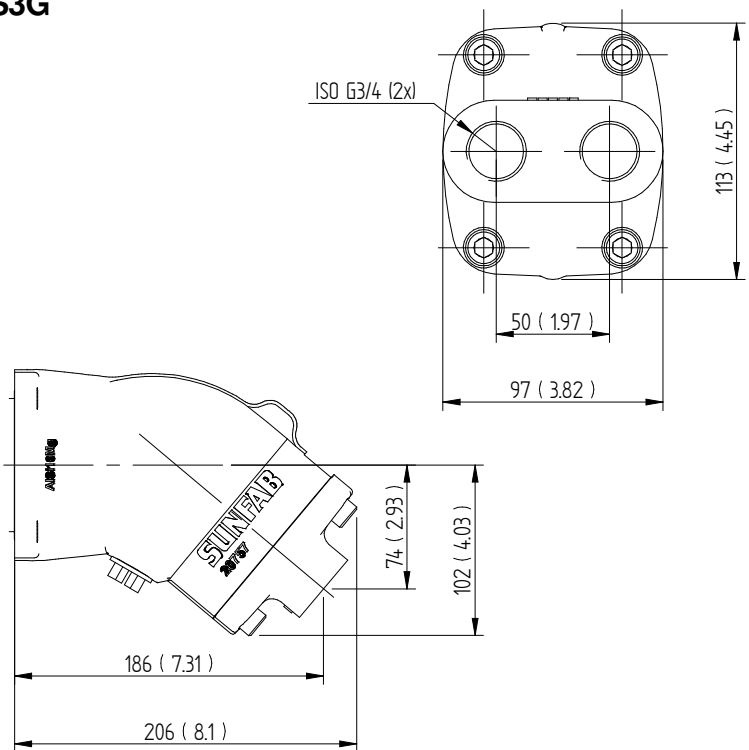
DL4 ISO 7653-D



L35 DIN 5462 / ISO 14



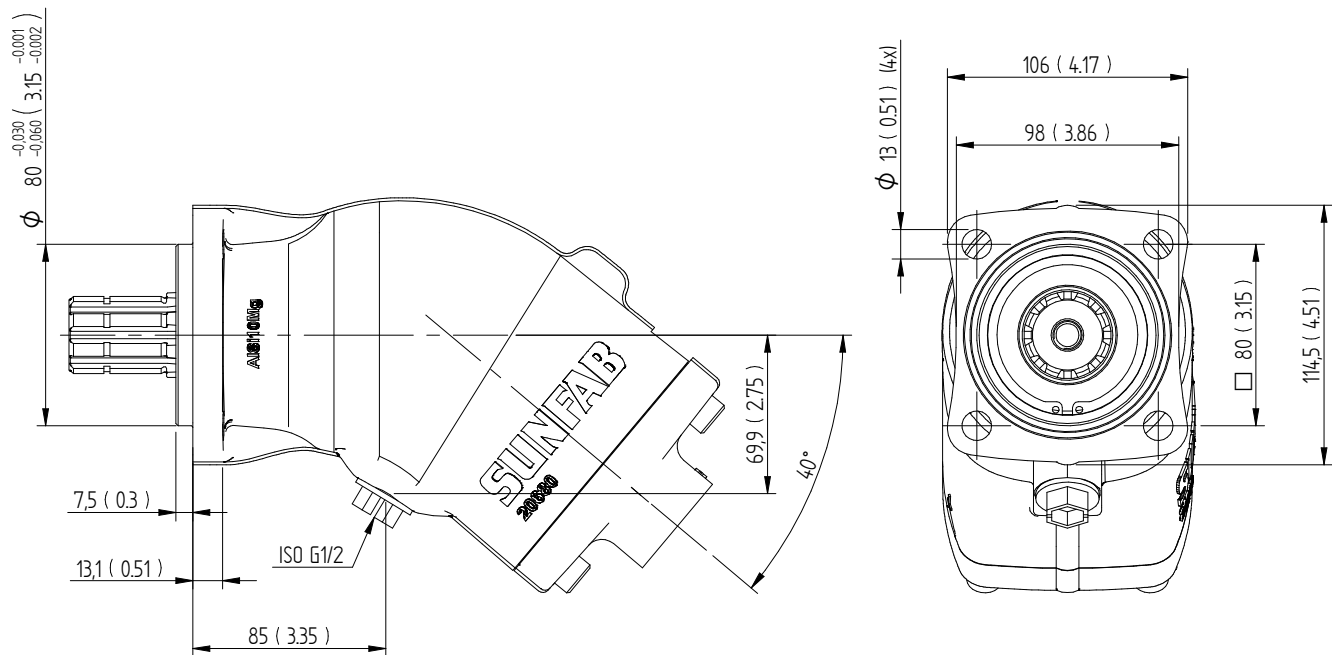
S3G



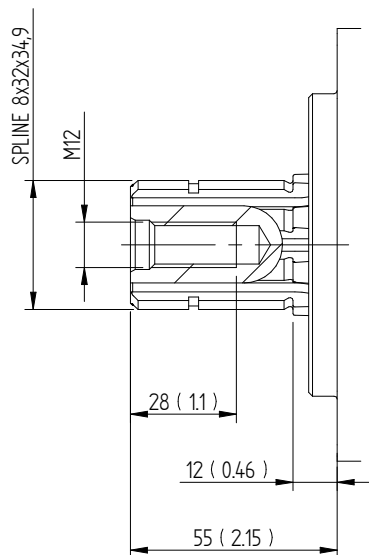
Dimensions SAM 040-064
Flange, shaft & connection cover

Millimeter (inch)

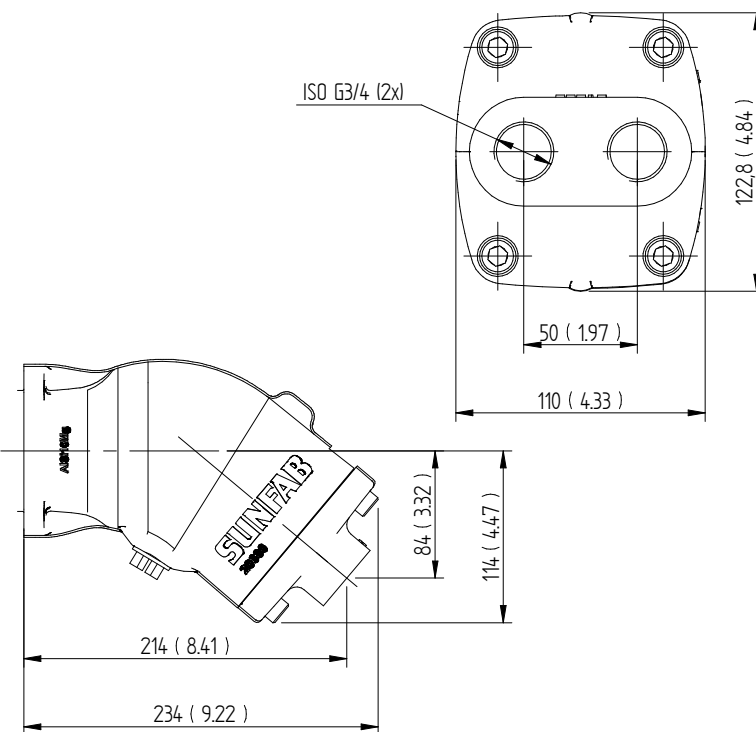
DL4 ISO 7653-D



L35 DIN 5462 / ISO 14



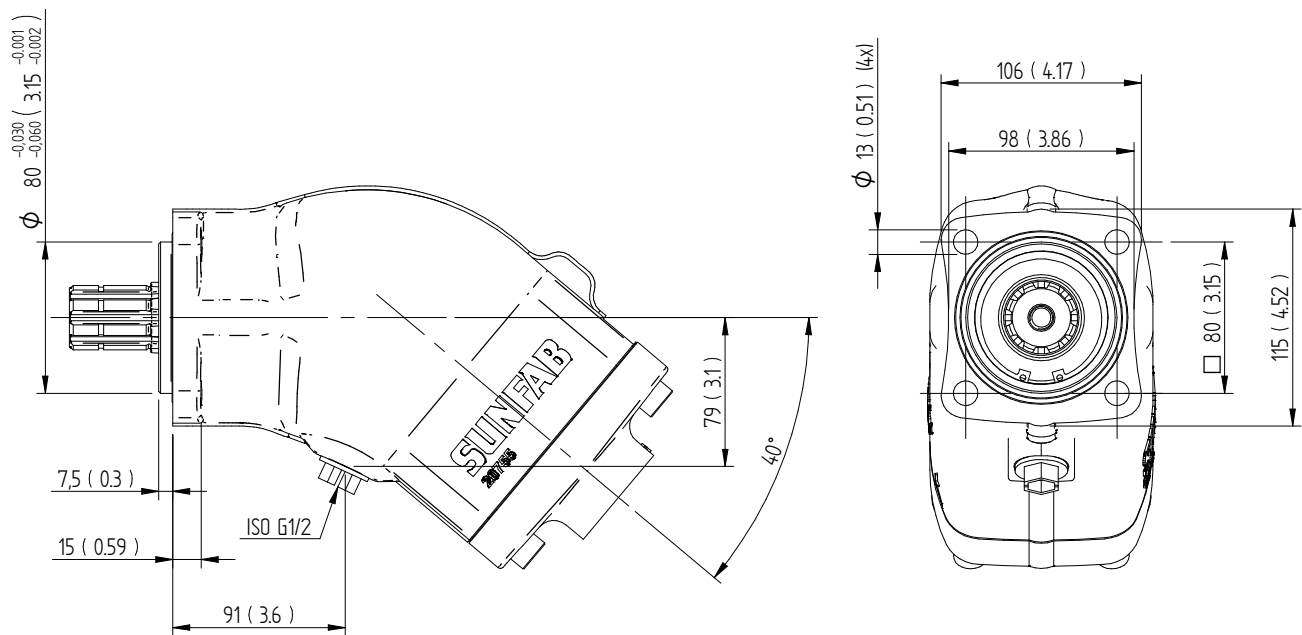
S3G



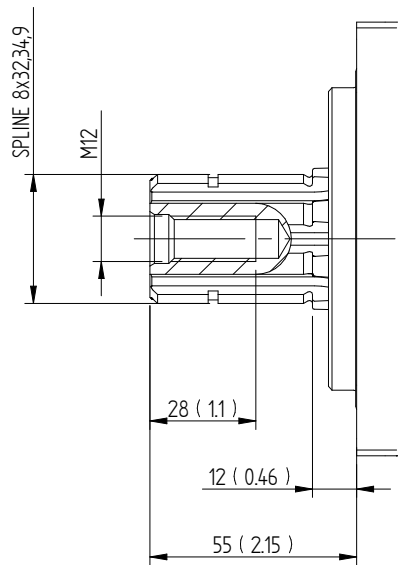
Dimensions SAM 084-130
Flange, shaft & connection cover

Millimeter (inch)

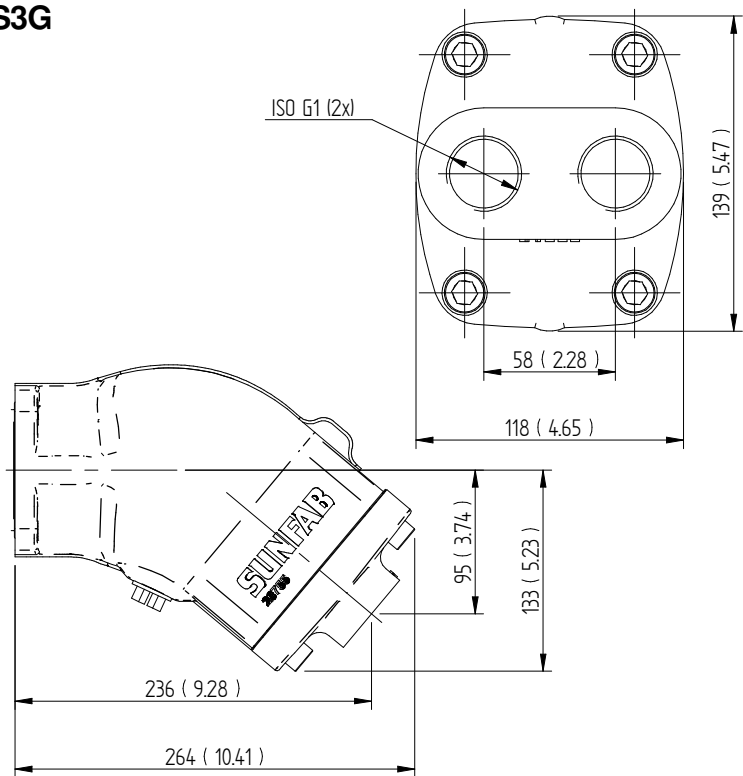
DL4 ISO 7653-D



L35 DIN 5462 / ISO 14



S3G





WARNING

When the motor is in use:

1. Do not touch the pressure pipe
2. Beware of rotating parts
3. The motor and pipes can reach high temperatures

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